

Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota



INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
List of Elected School Officials (Unaudited)	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	VI
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	4 5
to the Statement of Activities	7
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	10
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	49
Schedule of Funding Progress	51
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Employer's Contributions	53
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in UFARS Fund Balances: General Fund	60
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	61
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental	
Funds	
Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table	
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	6
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	68
Independent Auditor's Report on <i>Minnesota Legal Compliance</i>	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
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Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota List of Elected School Officials (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Name	Position	Term Expires
School Board		
Deb Pauly	Chairperson	2022
Ryan Dahnert	Vice Chairperson	2022
Lauren Pedersen	Clerk	2024
Connie Hennen	Treasurer	2022
Rob Langheim	Director	2022
Sara Lehnen	Director	2024
Molly Monyok	Director	2024
Administration		
Ranae Case	Superintendent	
Amy Hafemann	Finance Director	



Independent Auditor's Report

The School Board of Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 717 (("the District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, for the year ended June 30, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of funding progress, and schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and schedule of employer's contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The general fund schedule of changes in UFARS fund balances; combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds; combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – nonmajor governmental funds; the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards compliance table; and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the general fund schedule of changes in UFARS fund balances; combining balance sheet nonmajor governmental funds; combining schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - nonmajor governmental funds; the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards compliance table; and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the list of elected school officials and administration but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Legal Compliance Audit Guide prepared by the Office of the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65, we have also issued a report dated December 5, 2022 on our consideration of the District's compliance with aspects of the provisions of the Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of noncompliance. That report is an integral part of procedures performed in accordance with Office of the State Auditor's Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts in considering the District's compliance with certain regulatory requirements pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65.

Mankato, Minnesota December 5, 2022

Esde Sailly LLP

This section of Independent School District No. 717 – Jordan Public Schools' annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2021-2022 fiscal year include the following:

- Overall government-wide revenues were \$29,652,484 while overall expenses totaled \$28,145,217, resulting in an ending net deficit of \$8,829,955. Also included in the government-wide statements is \$22,212,669 of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and liabilities related to OPEB and net pension liability. Excluding the reporting of those, ending net position would be \$13,382,714.
- The district's overall fund balance increased by \$360,683.
- The District's net outstanding long-term liabilities decreased by \$1,845,348 or 2.82 percent.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

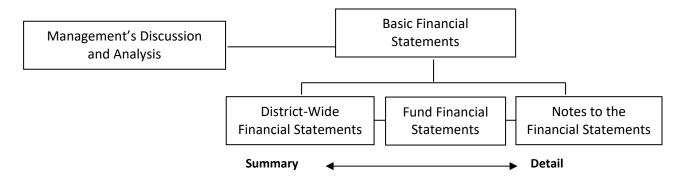
The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information, which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and other required reports. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund-financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The diagram below shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain, are summarized below. The remainder of the overview section of the MD&A highlights the structure and content of each of the statements.



	Fund Fina	ncial Statements	
	District Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary	The activities of the District that	Instances in which the District
	funds)	are not proprietary or fiduciary,	administers resources on behalf
		such as special education and	of someone else, such as
		building maintenance	scholarship programs
Required financial	 Statement of Net Position 	Balance Sheet	 Statement of fiduciary net
statements	 Statement of Activities 	Statement of Revenues,	position
		Expenditures, and Changes in	
		Fund Balances	
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and
Measurement Focus	economic resources focus	current financial focus	economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability	All assets and liabilities, both	Generally, assets expected to be	All assets and liabilities, both
Information	financial and capital, short-term	used up and liabilities that come	short-term and long-term; funds
	and long-term	during the year or soon	do not currently contain capital
		thereafter; no capital assets or	assets, although they can
		long-term liabilities included	
Type of Inflow/Outflow	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash is	All additions and deductions
Information	during year, regardless of when	received during or soon after the	during the year, regardless of
	cash is received or paid	end of the year; expenditures	when cash is received or paid
		when goods or services have	
		been received and the related	
		liability is due and payable	

District-wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position — the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities — are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

 To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements the District's activities are shown in one category:

Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular
and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education.
Property taxes and state aids finance most of the activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

The District has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information following the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – The District's proprietary funds are used to report and account for the District's self-insured dental plan. These funds are accounted for in a separate section in the audit report to provide accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. Consequently, the proprietary funds statements provide a short-term view that helps to determine whether their programs are beneficial to the members.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the agency fund which is held for Student Activates. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

Net Position

The District's net deficit was \$8,829,955 on June 30, 2022. This represents a decrease when compared to the \$10,337,222 deficit balance on June 30, 2021.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets	<u> </u>	
Current assets	\$ 42,003,225	\$ 41,655,073
Capital assets	43,599,532	45,150,325
Total assets	85,602,757	86,805,398
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,041,680	7,145,866
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	3,087,546	3,103,877
Long-term liabilities	75,546,617	83,724,866
Total liabilities	78,634,163	86,828,743
Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,840,229	17,459,743
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net investment in capital assets	8,761,763	(10,057,601)
Restricted for specific purposes	30,157,705	29,994,548
Unrestricted	(47,749,423)	(30,274,169)
Total net deficit	\$ (8,829,955)	\$ (10,337,222)

Statement of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for service	\$ 1,975,909	\$ 1,480,009
Operating grants and contributions	5,538,243	5,162,843
Capital grants and contributions	291,151	313,591
General		
Property taxes	5,830,849	5,842,754
Aids and payments from state and other	15,559,946	14,919,485
Miscellaneous revenues	456,386	390,688
Total revenues	29,652,484	28,109,370
Expenses		
Administration	1,105,558	1,096,431
District support services	818,953	745,652
Regular instruction	10,074,232	11,379,187
Vocational instruction	385,642	348,819
Special education instruction	4,689,135	3,927,396
Community education and services	1,560,863	1,264,399
Instructional support services	1,096,176	1,166,354
Pupil support services	2,758,891	2,557,224
Sites and buildings	3,474,948	3,446,003
Fiscal and other fixed-cost programs	2,180,819	2,073,682
Total expenses	28,145,217	28,005,147
Change in Net Position	1,507,267	104,223
Net Deficit - Beginning	(10,337,222)	(10,441,445)
Net Deficit - Ending	\$ (8,829,955)	\$ (10,337,222)

Changes in Net Position. The District's total revenues were \$29,652,484 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Unallocated federal and state aid along with property taxes accounted for 72.14 percent of the total revenue for the year. Operating and capital grants and contributions for specific programs contributed 19.66 percent and the remaining revenue was from fees charged for services and miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$28,145,217. The District's expenses are predominantly related to student education and student educational support, 73.07 percent. The District's administrative activities accounted for 3.93 percent of the total costs. Total expenses were less than total revenues, decreasing net deficit \$1,507,267 from last year.

General Fund

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the District in providing educational services to students from kindergarten through grade 12, including pupil transportation activities, buildings and grounds, and capital outlay projects.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Revenues.

	Year Ende	ed June	e 30,			
	2022		Inci		mount of Increase Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Local property taxes Other local and county sources State sources Federal sources Interest earnings	\$ 2,521,423 872,071 17,734,325 1,840,788 6,944	\$	2,599,720 612,269 17,940,427 1,363,606 3,234	\$	(78,297) 259,802 (206,102) 477,182 3,710	-3.01% 42.43% -1.15% 34.99% 114.72%
Total General Fund revenues	\$ 22,975,551	\$	22,519,256	\$	456,295	2.03%

Total General Fund revenue increased by \$456,295 or 2.03% from the previous year.

Basic general education revenue is determined by a state per student funding formula and consists of an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. The mix of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year to year without any net change on revenue.

The main increase in revenue came from ESSER, GEERS, and CRF Funds the district received from the Federal Government. These are dollars the district received due to COVID Pandemic. The funds remaining will need to be expended in fiscal year 2023 or 2024.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund expenditures.

	Year Ende	d June	e 30,		
	2022		2021	Amount of Increase Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Salaries and benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Capital expenditures Other expenditures	\$ 16,720,121 3,864,968 1,062,313 742,895 199,894	\$	16,390,147 3,032,035 902,953 417,655 361,181	\$ 329,974 832,933 159,360 325,240 (161,287)	2.01% 27.47% 17.65% 77.87% -44.66%
Total General Fund expenditures	\$ 22,590,191	\$	21,103,971	\$ 1,486,220	7.04%

Total General Fund expenditures increased by \$1,486,220 or 7.04% from the previous year. The increase in expenditures is due to fiscal year 2022 being a salary negotiations year. Also, additional expenditures are due to the COVID pandemic and being back in school full-time. Another factor was the increase in utility costs and other fees.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's general fund results when compared to the final budget are:

- Actual revenues were \$166,335 *more than* budget due to the increase in federal funding the district received as a result of the COVID pandemic.
- Actual expenditures were \$158,253 *less than* budget primarily because there were more supplies and equipment budgeted for than expected.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund revenues were \$3,309,978 and expenditures were \$4,046,842, thereby decreasing fund balance by \$736,864. The decrease is a result of debt service payments made in advance of receipt of levied amounts.

Other Non-Major Funds

The Food Service Fund incurred an increase in the fund balance of \$509,667 for a year end fund balance of \$525,109. The fund balance of \$17,058 is accounted for in the Nonspendable Fund Balance (the cost of inventory on June 30, 2022). The food service restricted fund balance has a positive balance of \$508,051. This turnaround from prior years is because meals were free last year and more breakfasts and lunches were being served; resulting in more reimbursable meal revenue. However, the fund balance may look different at the end of Fiscal Year 2023 due to the fact that students are having to pay for breakfast and lunch.

The Community Service Fund incurred an increase in the fund balance of \$85,184 for a year end fund balance of \$384,807. The increase in fund balance is due to an increase in programs being offered and number of participants along with an increase in CERC membership from prior years.

The Capital Projects Fund incurred no change in the fund balance for a year end fund balance of \$20,564.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

By the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had invested \$67,842,433 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, land, computer and audio-visual equipment, and other equipment for various instructional programs. Total depreciation/amortization expense for the year was \$2,159,512. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Assets Governmental Activities June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Land	\$ 1,896,117	\$ 1,896,117
Buildings	60,593,749	60,317,451
Land improvements	2,864,886	2,864,886
Equipment	2,487,681	2,478,884
Right-to-use assets	84,784	-
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(24,327,685)	(22,407,013)
Total capital assets	\$ 43,599,532	\$ 45,150,325

Long-Term Debt

At year-end the District had \$63,487,562 of long term debt consisting of bonds payable of \$59,510,000, bond premium of \$2,635,841, bond discount of \$71,280, certifications of participation payable \$920,000, leases payable of \$69,857, severance benefits payable of \$291,107 and compensated absences payable of \$132,037.

The District has \$9,617,035 in net pension liability at June 30, 2022.

The District has \$2,442,020 in total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022.

See notes to the financial statements for additional details on the District's long term debt.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future:

- Enrollment continues to be an area of concern weighing on the District's financial future, and will continue to be monitored closely by the District's administration. Since Minnesota school districts are paid on pupil units served, any decline in enrollment results in less revenue. The District's student enrollment, which determines the pupil units for the purpose of funding, decreased by 36 students from FY2020 to FY2021. The enrollment for FY2021-2022 will be of great concern. As of November 1, 2021, the district has 1,817 in grades K-12. This is about the same enrollment as what the district ended with at the end of FY2021. The district has also teamed with Southwest Metro Intermediate District and their On-Line School. The district currently has 33 students in grades K-12 enrolled in this program.
- For years, many Minnesota school district referendums for facilities maintenance projects did not pass. The Legislature, recognizing an important need to maintain district facilities, requested input on how to create a more equitable and sustainable financing process for public school facilities. As a result, the School Facilities Financing Working Group was created and provided recommendations. New legislation was passed during a special session in July 2015 that provides revenue increases for school districts not currently eligible to participate in the Alternative Facilities Bonding and Levy program. The new program, referred to as Long Term Facilities Maintenance (LTFM) Revenue, includes a three-year phased approach which began in FY 2017. Districts received up to \$193 per pupil of revenue the first year, then in FY 2018, districts received up to \$292 per pupil, and that figured increased up to \$380 per pupil for FY 2019. These figures are prorated for districts with an average building age of 35 years or less. This replaces the former Health and Safety and Deferred Maintenance revenue programs and associated funding. This additional funding will provide dollars for our District to pay for ongoing deferred maintenance expenditures. The school district has not planned to do any major projects. The district has teamed with Kraus Anderson to help in facilitating the district's needs as well as laying out a 10-year plan in detail as to what projects need to happen in the corresponding years.
- Labor costs account for over 80% of the District expenses. As costs of benefits continue to skyrocket, it
 becomes more important during the negotiations of labor contracts that the District be cognizant to
 this potential unknown long-term liability. The District must continue to follow enrollment trends and
 maintain a responsible balance between staffing and student enrollment. In addition, the District must
 be aware of future legislative action as it relates to public school funding, and consider efforts to
 increase local operating revenue. These actions directly correlate to labor negotiations and hiring
 practices.

Contacting the District's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or would like additional information, contact the District Office, ISD No. 717, 500 Sunset Drive, Suite #1, Jordan, Minnesota, 55352.

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	8,001,752
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	Y	28,206,085
Receivables		_0,_00,000
Current property taxes		2,816,031
Delinquent property taxes		36,976
Accounts		35,689
Interest		61
Due from other governmental units		2,681,916
Inventories		17,058
Prepaid items		207,657
		42 002 225
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:		42,003,225
Land		1,896,117
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization:		1,850,117
Land improvements		1,418,647
Buildings		39,248,291
Equipment		968,650
Right-of-use assets		67,827
Total capital assets		43,599,532
Total assets		85,602,757
		83,002,737
Deferred Outflows of Resources		102 527
Other postemployment benefits plan		193,537
Pension plans		5,848,143
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,041,680
Liabilities		
Salaries payable and payroll deductions		1,769,792
Accounts payable		224,623
Interest payable		853,835
Due to other governmental units		137,727
Unearned revenue		91,369
Claims incurred but not reported		10,200
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year - other than pensions and OPEB		30,127,621
Due in more than one year - other than pensions and OPEB		33,359,941
Due in more than one year - net pension liability		9,617,035
Due in more than one year - total other postemployment obligation		2,442,020
Total liabilities		78,634,163
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Other postemployment benefits plan		314,342
Pension plans		15,880,952
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		5,644,935
Total deferred inflows of resources		21,840,229
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets		8,761,763
Restricted		30,157,705
Unrestricted		(47,749,423)
Total net deficit	\$	(8,829,955)

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

					N	let (Expense)				
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities	•	4 405 550	•		<u> </u>	62.550	•		•	(4.042.000)
Administration	\$	1,105,558	\$	-	\$	63,550	\$	-	\$	(1,042,008)
District support services		818,953		454.550		4 474 500		204.454		(818,953)
Regular instruction		10,074,232		451,550		1,174,508		291,151		(8,157,023)
Vocational instruction		385,642		70 202		7,034		-		(378,608)
Special education instruction Community education and services		4,689,135 1,560,863		79,293		2,572,421 252,790		-		(2,037,421)
Instructional support services		1,096,176		1,269,597		252,790 11,132		-		(38,476) (1,085,044)
Pupil support services		2,758,891		- 164,174		1,456,808		-		(1,137,909)
Sites and buildings		3,474,948		11,295		1,430,606		_		(3,463,653)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		2,180,819		-						(2,180,819)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	28,145,217	\$	1,975,909	\$	5,538,243	\$	291,151		(20,339,914)
General Revenues										
Property taxes and other county sources										5,830,849
Federal aid										1,388,476
State aid not restricted to specific purposes										14,171,470
Interest earnings										27,312
Gain on sale of fixed assets										152
Miscellaneous									-	428,922
Total general revenues										21,847,181
Changes in Net Deficit										1,507,267
Net Deficit - Beginning										(10,337,222)
Net Deficit - Ending									\$	(8,829,955)

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	 General	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets	. =	0.0=0.440			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,562,951	\$ 2,270,410	\$ 1,105,548	\$	7,938,909
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-	28,206,085	-		28,206,085
Receivables	1 222 245	1 520 550	62,266		2 916 021
Current property taxes	1,223,215	1,530,550	806		2,816,031
Delinquent property taxes	14,931	21,239			36,976
Accounts	11,863	-	23,826		35,689
Interest	61	-	1 267		61
Due from other Minnesota school districts	55,763	40.025	1,267		57,030
Due from Minnesota Department of Education Due from federal through Minnesota	1,753,676	19,035	15,208		1,787,919
Department of Education	836,967	-	-		836,967
Inventories	-	-	17,058		17,058
Prepaid items	 206,937	 -	 720		207,657
Total assets	\$ 8,666,364	\$ 32,047,319	\$ 1,226,699	\$	41,940,382
Liabilities					
Salaries payable	\$ 957,285	\$ -	\$ 47,007	\$	1,004,292
Accounts payable	183,419	-	41,204		224,623
Due to other Minnesota school districts	110,750	-	-		110,750
Due to other governmental units	26,278	-	699		26,977
Payroll deductions	765,500	-	-		765,500
Unearned revenue	 20,875		70,494		91,369
Total liabilities	 2,064,107		 159,404		2,223,511
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - delinquent taxes	14,931	21,239	806		36,976
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	2,398,095	 3,110,831	 136,009		5,644,935
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,413,026	 3,132,070	 136,815		5,681,911
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	206,937	-	17,778		224,715
Restricted	1,161,544	28,915,249	912,702		30,989,495
Unassigned	 2,820,750	 	 -		2,820,750
Total fund balances	 4,189,231	28,915,249	 930,480		34,034,960
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 8,666,364	\$ 32,047,319	\$ 1,226,699	\$	41,940,382

Independent School District No. 717

Jordan, Minnesota

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$	34,034,960
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		43,599,532
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		36,976
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.		(853,835)
The internal service fund accounts for the district's health and dental self-insurance plan. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities		52.542
in the statement of net position. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to		52,643
pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(10,032,809)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(120,805)
Noncurrent liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and noncurrent - are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:		
Bond Premium Bond Discount Certificates of Participation Payable Lease Payable Severance Benefits Payable Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Liability 2 Bond Discount 2 Bond Di	,510,000 ,635,841 (71,280) 920,000 69,857 291,107 132,037 ,617,035 ,442,020	(75,546,617)
Total Net Deficit for Governmental Activities	\$	(8,829,955)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues					
Local property tax levies	\$ 2,521,423	\$ 3,104,810	\$ 127,068	\$ 5,753,301	
Other local and county sources	872,071	-	1,570,471	2,442,542	
State sources	17,734,325	186,021	160,630	18,080,976	
Federal sources	1,840,788	-	1,426,223	3,267,011	
Interest earnings	6,944	19,147	1,138	27,229	
Total revenues	22,975,551	3,309,978	3,285,530	29,571,059	
Expenditures					
Administration	1,105,558	-	_	1,105,558	
District support services	801,028	-	-	801,028	
Regular instruction	10,256,249	-	_	10,256,249	
Vocational instruction	385,642	-	-	385,642	
Special education instruction	4,687,625	-	-	4,687,625	
Community education and services	-	-	1,554,833	1,554,833	
Instructional support services	1,081,242	-	-	1,081,242	
Pupil support services	1,710,749	-	1,132,292	2,843,041	
Sites and buildings	2,332,814	-	-	2,332,814	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	100,085	-	-	100,085	
Debt service:					
Principal	80,642	1,710,000	2,518	1,793,160	
Interest and fiscal charges	48,557	2,336,842	1,036	2,386,435	
Total expenditures	22,590,191	4,046,842	2,690,679	29,327,712	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	385,360	(736,864)	594,851	243,347	
Other Financing Sources					
Insurance recovery proceeds	32,400	-	-	32,400	
Lease proceeds	84,784	-	-	84,784	
Sale of assets	152	<u> </u>		152	
Total other financing sources	117,336			117,336	
Net Change in Fund Balances	502,696	(736,864)	594,851	360,683	
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,686,535	29,652,113	335,629	33,674,277	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,189,231	\$ 28,915,249	\$ 930,480	\$ 34,034,960	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 360,683
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. In the current period those amounts are:	
Capital outlay Depreciation/amortization expense	608,719 (2,159,512)
In governmental funds, issuance of long-term debt is reported as a source of financing. However, in the statement of activities, a new debt issuance is not revenue, rather it constitutes a long-term liability in the statement of net position.	(84,784)
The governmental funds report severance and compensated absences costs as expenditures when paid, on the other hand, the statement of activities reports severance and compensated absences costs as expenditures as the employees earn the compensated absences. In the statement of net position, the payment of severance and compensated absences results in a reduction of the liability.	(68,160)
In governmental funds, OPEB liabilities are measured by the amount of resources used. However, in the statement of activities, an increase in an OPEB liability is based on the amount earned by the employees during the period. This amount is the net effect of these differences.	(109,557)
In the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. In the governmental funds, however, the contributions are reported as expense.	914,201
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences.	205,132
The governmental funds report repayment of principal on long-term liabilities as expenditures. In the statement of net position, however, repayment of principal reduces the liability.	1,793,160
Long-term debt interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due.	50,976
The internal service fund accounts for the district's health and dental self-insurance plan. The net revenue of the internal service fund is included in the governmental activities.	(3,199)
Property taxes levied and due in previous fiscal years that have not been received as of the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as deferred inflows - delinquent taxes (not considered available revenues) in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities, these taxes are considered revenue in the period for which they are levied.	(392)
Change in Net Deficit of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,507,267

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance With		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Local property tax levies	\$	2,445,441	\$	2,511,867	\$	2,521,423	\$	9,556
Other local and county sources	*	523,681	*	732,416	*	872,071	*	139,655
State sources		17,207,887		17,724,075		17,734,325		10,250
Federal sources		835,611		1,838,258		1,840,788		2,530
Interest earnings		4,600		2,600		6,944		4,344
Total revenues		21,017,220		22,809,216		22,975,551		166,335
Expenditures								
Administration		1,087,753		1,119,595		1,105,558		14,037
District support services		781,741		820,173		801,028		19,145
Regular instruction		9,924,753		10,308,762		10,256,249		52,513
Vocational instruction		325,885		376,683		385,642		(8,959)
Special education instruction		3,798,405		4,707,760		4,687,625		20,135
Instructional support services		878,454		1,136,249		1,081,242		55,007
Pupil support services		1,586,714		1,540,707		1,710,749		(170,042)
Sites and buildings		1,940,261		2,532,013		2,332,814		199,199
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs Debt service		85,629		101,990		100,085		1,905
Principal		61,432		60,000		80,642		(20,642)
Interest and fiscal charges		44,512		44,512		48,557		(4,045)
Total expenditures		20,515,539		22,748,444		22,590,191		158,253
Excess of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		501,681		60,772		385,360		324,588
Other Financing Sources								
Lease proceeds		-		-		84,784		84,784
Insurance proceeds		-		32,400		32,400		-
Sale of assets		2,000		200		152		(48)
Total Other Financing Sources		2,000		32,600		117,336		84,736
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	503,681	\$	93,372		502,696	\$	409,324
Fund Balance - Beginning						3,686,535		
Fund Balance - Ending					\$	4,189,231		

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 62,843
Liabilities Claims incurred but not reported	10,200
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 52,643

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Additions Dental insurance premiums	\$ 133,964
Interest earnings	81
Total additions	134,045
Deductions	
Dental claims	119,401
Service fee	17,843
Total deductions	137,244
Net Change in Net Position	(3,199)
Net Position - Beginning	55,842
Net Position - Ending	\$ 52,643

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
Operating Activities Receipts from participants Payments of insurance claims and administration	\$	134,045 (135,029)
Net cash used for operating activities		(984)
Cash and Investments, July 1, 2021		63,827
Cash and Investments, June 30, 2022	\$	62,843
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash used for Operating Activities Operating Loss Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts payable Claims incurred but not reported	\$	(3,199) (1,533) 3,748
	\$	(984)

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,866
Accounts receivable	300
Total assets	2,166
Liabilities	
Due to others	420
Net Position	
Restricted	\$ 1,746

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund		
Additions Gifts and bequests	\$	11,273	
Deductions Donations		13,561	
Change in Net Position		(2,288)	
Net Position - Beginning		4,034	
Net Position - Ending	\$	1,746	

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Independent School District No. 717 (the District) is a school district governed by a board elected by eligible voters of the District. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant School District accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District does not have any blended or discretely presented component units.

The District is the basic level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the public school education in the District's area. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncements, since board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except as stated below. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) commodity inventory items are recorded when received, (2) interest and principal on long-term debt are recorded when paid, and (3) claims and judgments, group health claims, and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources. Prepaid items are recorded for approved disbursements made in advance of the year in which the item is budgeted.

Property tax revenues for all funds, which are payable by property owners in a calendar year, are recognized in the fiscal year beginning July 1 of that calendar year. State revenues are recognized in the year to which they apply according to Minnesota Statutes. Federal revenues are recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. If the amounts of Minnesota or Federal revenues cannot be reasonably estimated or realization is not assured, they are not recorded as revenue in the current year. Revenue from other school districts is generally recognized when related expenditures occur. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available as stated above.

The District reports unearned revenue on its governmental fund financial statements and government wide financial statements when resources are received by the District before the revenue has been earned. The District records unavailable revenue on its governmental fund financial statements when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the unavailable revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue it recognized.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is used to account for educational activities, District instructional and student support programs, expenditures for the superintendent, district administration, normal operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, capital expenditures, and legal school district expenditures not specifically designated to be accounted for in any other fund.
- Debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds:

- Food service fund accounts for food service revenues and expenditures.
- Community service fund accounts for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic
 activities, nonpublic pupils, adults or early childhood programs, extended day programs, or other similar
 services.
- Capital projects fund accounts for the activity of the building construction project.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- Internal service fund is a proprietary fund used to account for the activities of the District's self-insured dental plan.
- Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.
- Custodial fund is used to account for the funds used food shelf and back pack program that lack the administrative involvement to be included in the general fund. These assets are used for third party authorized purposes and not to be used to support the District's own programs.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash balances of the District's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various deposits and investments authorized by Minnesota state statutes. Each fund shares in the earnings according to its average cash and investments balance. Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an original maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the District. Investments are reported at fair value, except for the Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (MSDLAF+) and MNTrust. Both are an external investment pool, which in accordance with GASB 79 are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. GASB Statement No. 79 requires a comparison of the MSDLAF+ Portfolio and MNTrust investments on an amortized cost basis to fair values determined on a market value basis at least monthly.

2. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent

Restricted cash balances of the District's funds are holding bond proceeds from the General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds of 2016A and are to be used to refund a portion of the General Obligation School Building Refunding Bond, Series 2014A on the call date of February 1, 2023. In addition, the bond proceeds from the General Obligation Crossover Refunding bonds of 2017B are used to refund a portion of the General Obligation School Building Refunding Bond, Series 2014A on the call date of February 1, 2023.

3. Receivables

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, some revenues are susceptible to accrual while others are not. Major revenues treated as susceptible to accrual are: property taxes, state and federal aids, and revenue from other Minnesota school districts. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, if appropriate, reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Interest and certain receivables are recorded as revenue in the year earned and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

On or before September 15th of each year, the School Board certifies to the county auditor the dates it has selected for its public hearing and for the continuation of its hearing, if necessary. If not certified by this date, the county auditor will assign the hearing date. All school districts must hold public hearings on their proposed property tax levies. Also, at this time the School Board certifies its proposed property tax levy to the county auditor for collection in the following year.

Beginning on November 29th and through December 20th of each year, the District is required by state law to hold its public hearing on its proposed budgets and proposed property tax levies for the taxes payable in the following year. On or before five business days after December 20th, the School Board certifies its final adopted property taxes payable the following year to the county auditor. If the District has not certified its final property tax by this time, its property tax will be the amount levied by it in the preceding year.

In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the District at that date. Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Agricultural land taxes may be paid on May 15 and November 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to Districts three times a year, in January, June, and November.

Property tax revenue is recorded under the intact levy concept whereby taxes collectible during a calendar year are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year beginning with the year of collection. Current taxes receivable represent taxes levied in 2021 which are not payable until 2022 less amounts received before June 30, 2022. Delinquent taxes receivable represent levies collectible during 2021 and prior years. Delinquent taxes are recorded as unavailable revenue. Taxes levied for subsequent years represent current taxes receivable, which are levied in 2021, but not payable until 2022 and are not expendable by the District until the 2022-2022 school year, adjusted for the property tax shift amount.

4. Inventories, Commodities, and Prepaid Items

All inventories are expended when consumed rather than when purchased and are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first in first out (FIFO) method. United States Department of Agriculture commodities received are recorded as revenue at the net realizable value of such commodities and included in the food service fund revenue and expenditures when received. Unused commodities at year end are included in inventories of food.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, and 5 to 15 years for equipment. Capital assets not being depreciated include land.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

In the government-wide financial statements bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums received on debt issuances as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences – Substantially all full-time employees earn annual vacation pay at various rates based on length of service. All outstanding unpaid vacation pay is payable upon termination of employment. At June 30, 2022, unpaid vacation pay totaling \$132,037 is recorded in the financial statements.

Severance Benefits – Upon termination of employment, employees meeting years of service requirements are entitled to a payout of accumulated sick leave at various rates established in their employment contract. At June 30, 2022, a severance liability of \$291,107 is recorded for all eligible employees.

7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. Additional information can be found in Note 4.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA.

TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the State of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teacher's Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) in 2015. Additional information can be found in Note 5.

For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category on the government-wide statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits consists of various estimate differences and contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as expenditures in future years. Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans consists of various estimate differences and contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as expenses in future years.

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue from property taxes, arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available. The second item is property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represent property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available. The third item is deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB activity as a result of various estimate differences that will be recognized as expenses in future years, reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District's government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

12. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." The District's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

- Nonspendable fund balance represents a portion of fund balance that includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance represents a portion of fund balance that reflects constraints placed on the use of resources (other than nonspendable items) that are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority which is the School Board through an ordinance or resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific
 purposes, but neither restricted nor committed. The School Board has the authority to assign a fund
 balance and the School Board has also delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the
 superintendent and business manager.
- Unassigned fund balance represents residual classification for the general fund. This classification
 represents fund balance not assigned to other funds and not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific
 purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive
 unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific
 purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it would be
 necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The District approved a minimum unassigned general fund balance of 12 percent of the annual budget. If resources from more than one fund balance classification could be spent, the District will strive to spend resources from fund balance classifications in the following order (first to last): restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. A majority vote of the school board is required to commit a fund balance to a specific purpose. The school board may assign fund balances to be used for specific purposes. The school board has delegated this power to the Superintendent.

E. Inter-Fund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

F. Property Tax Shift

The majority of district revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2022 is recorded as deferred inflows of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent years).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county general remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected. A portion of the property taxes levied is paid by the State of Minnesota through various tax credits, which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

Taxes which remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is deferred in the fund financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary.

G. Leases

Lessee: The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of technology equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease(s) and will remeasure the lease asset(s) and liability(ies) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal year 2022.

I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

As of July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The implementation of this standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The additional disclosures required by this standard is included in Note 3.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The District adopts an annual budget for all funds in accordance with Minnesota State Statutes. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Before July 1, the proposed budget is presented to the School Board for review. The School Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than one week after the School Board approves the audited financial statements and has published the final budget in the local newspaper. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. The actual revenues, expenditures, and transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been compared to the District's budget for the year where applicable. Variances in parentheses are unfavorable and indicate revenues are less than budget or expenditures are greater than budget. The budget is adopted through passage of a resolution. Any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.

Budgetary control is maintained by fund, at the object of expenditure category level within each program, and in compliance with state requirements. Also inherent in this controlling function is the management philosophy that the existence of a particular item or appropriation in the approved budget does not automatically mean that it will be spent. The budget process has flexibility in that, where need has been properly demonstrated, an adjustment can be made within the department budget by the School Board. Therefore, there is a constant review process and expenditures are not approved until it has been determined that (1) adequate funds were appropriated; (2) the expenditure is still necessary; and (3) funds are available. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year end. The School Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Cash and Investments

1. Cash

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the School Board. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System. Minnesota Statutes require that all District deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the District Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2022, all deposits were insured or collateralized by securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had an investment in MSDLAF and MNTrust with an amortized cost of \$150,911 and \$6,050,365, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. The investments in the MSDLAF and MNTrust are not subject to the credit risk classifications as noted in paragraph 9 of GASB Statement No. 40. The District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. The District may invest funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes Section 118A.04. All funds in the MSDLAF and MNTrust are invested in accordance with Minnesota Statutes Section 475.66. Each Minnesota school district owns a pro-rata share of each investment which is held in the name of the funds. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2022, the District's MSDLAF and MNTrust accounts were rated AAAm and AAA, respectively, by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than five percent of the District's investments are invested with MSDLAF and MNTrust. The following table presents the District's deposit and investment balances at June 30, 2022:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Туре	Total		N/A			>1		1 - 5
Cash and cash equivalents								
MN School District Liquid Asset Fund	\$	150,911	\$	150,911	\$	-	\$	-
Deposits		189,148		189,148		-		-
Money Market		862,790		862,790		-		-
Investments								
US Treasuries		28,206,085		28,206,085		-		-
Mutual Funds		6,800,769		6,800,769		-		-
	\$	36,209,703	\$	36,209,703	\$		\$	

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. US Treasuries of \$28,206,085 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Cash and investments are included on the basic financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents - Statement of Net Position	\$ 8,001,752
Cash and investments with fiscal agent - Statement of Net Position	28,206,085
Cash and cash equivalents - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	1,866
	\$ 36,209,703

B. Capital Assets

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Administration	\$ 17,896
Regular instruction	532,352
Special education instruction	1,510
Community education and services	2,476
Instructional support services	14,934
Pupil support services	29,413
Sites and buildings	 1,560,931
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 2,159,512

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022	
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:					
Land	\$ 1,896,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,896,117	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:					
Land improvements	2,864,886	-	-	2,864,886	
Buildings	60,317,451	276,298	-	60,593,749	
Equipment	2,478,884	247,637	238,840	2,487,681	
Right-of-use assets		84,784		84,784	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized	65,661,221	608,719	238,840	66,031,100	
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:					
Land improvements	1,325,973	120,266	-	1,446,239	
Buildings	19,449,951	1,895,507	-	21,345,458	
Equipment	1,631,089	126,782	238,840	1,519,031	
Right-of-use assets		16,957		16,957	
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	22,407,013	2,159,512	238,840	24,327,685	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	43,254,208	(1,550,793)		41,703,415	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 45,150,325	\$ (1,550,793)	\$ -	\$ 43,599,532	

C. Long-term Liabilities

1. Bonds

General Obligation Bonds. The District issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the improvement and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District and are paid from the debt service fund.

The District issued General Obligation School Building Bond, Series 2014A, during the year ended June 30, 2014 in the amount of \$34,590,000 to finance the betterment of school sites and facilities. The bond bears an interest rate of 1.00% -5.00% and call for semiannual interest payments commencing February 2015 and annual principal payments commencing February 2015 through February 2035.

The District issued General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bond, Series 2016A, during the year ended June 30, 2017. The bond was issued to advance refund a portion of the outstanding General Obligation School Building Refunding Bond, Series 2014A. The district refunded the bond to reduce the total debt service payments by \$1,414,880 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,048,484.

The District issued General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B, during the year ended June 30, 2018. These bonds will be used to refund a portion of the 2028 maturity and the entire 2029 through 2032 maturities outstanding General Obligation School Building Refunding Bond, Series 2014 on the call date of February 1, 2023. The district refunded the bond to obtain an economic gain of \$615,235.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District issued \$10,075,000 in General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A. These bonds will be used to crossover refund the 2024 through 2028 maturities of the outstanding General Obligation School Building Refunding Bond, Series 2014, on the call date of February 1, 2023. The district refunded the bond to reduce the total debt service payments by obtain an economic gain of \$615,235.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Bond Description	Final Maturities	Interest Rate	Principal Payments	Original Principal	Outstanding Balance
General Obligation School Building Bonds of 2014	2/1/2023	1.00% - 5.00%	\$130,000 - \$29,720,000	\$ 34,590,000	\$ 29,720,000
General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds of 2016A	2/1/2035	2.00% - 2.50%	\$95,000 - \$2,950,000	9,995,000	9,995,000
General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds of 2017B	2/1/2032	2.00% - 3.00%	\$100,000 - \$2,450,000	9,720,000	9,720,000
General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds of 2020A	2/1/2028	0.57% - 1.23%	\$1,990,000 - \$2,050,000	10,075,000	10,075,000
				\$ 64,630,000	\$ 59,510,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities			
June 30,		Principal In		Interest
2023	\$	\$ 29,720,000		2,031,437
2024		2,205,000		622,487
2025		2,200,000		607,130
2026		2,180,000		590,062
2027		2,245,000		568,912
2028-2032		12,330,000		2,155,222
2033-2035		8,630,000		435,125
Total	\$	59,510,000	\$	7,010,375

2. Certificates of Participation

The District issued certificates of participation in 2017 to provide funds for the purchase of land. The certificates are payable in installments through February 2037, at an interest rate ranging from 4.53 to 6.60 percent and payable in installments ranging from \$40,000 to 85,000. Amounts are paid from the general fund. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation are as follows.

	Governmental Activities				
Pı	rincipal		nterest		
\$	45,000	\$	42,982		
	45,000		41,101		
	50,000		39,220		
	50,000		37,130		
	50,000		35,040		
	300,000		138,245		
	380,000		59,000		
\$	920,000	\$	392,718		
		\$ 45,000 45,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 300,000 380,000	\$ 45,000 \$ 45,000 \$ 50,000 50,000 300,000 380,000		

3. Financed Purchases Payable

The District has entered into a financing agreement for the purchase of technology equipment. Final payment on this agreement was made during the year ended June 30, 2022.

4. Leases Payable

During the current year, the District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for the use of technology equipment. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability was \$69,857. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,647 through June 2026. The lease liability was valued using a discount rate of 6.2% based on the District's incremental borrowing rate. The total amount of right to use leased assets, and the related accumulated amortization on right to use leased assets was \$84,784 and \$16,957 as of June 30, 2022, respectively.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Years Ending		Governmental Activities				
June 30,	Pi	rincipal	Ir	nterest		
2023	\$	15,879	\$	3,885		
2024		16,892		2,872		
2025		17,970		1,794		
2026		19,116		648		
Total	\$	69,857	\$	9,199		

5. Severance Benefits

Plan Description – The District compensates certain eligible employees for compensated absences like sick leave upon retirement. The severance plan is based on contractual agreements with the employees.

Teachers – For teachers reaching age 55 with 25 years of service the benefit is \$10 per hour of unused sick leave. Sick leave accrues at 72 hours per year up to 1,000 hours. The benefit is payable 50% at the time of retirement and the remaining 50% in January the following year.

Superintendent – After reaching 4 years of service, the superintendent's benefit is a minimum of 5 days per year of service multiplied by the daily rate of pay at the time of retirement. The benefit is payable in one lump sum.

Principals and Special Services Director – For principals and the special services director the benefit is \$125 per day of unused sick leave. Sick leave accrues at 12 days per year up to 125 days. The benefit is payable in one lump sum.

Food Service/Custodians – For food service custodians, the benefit is \$1.75 per hour of unused sick leave. Sick leave accrues at 12 days per year up to 1,000 hours. The benefit is payable in one lump sum.

Assistant Principal/Activities Director, Director of Teaching and Learning/Assistant Principal, Community Education/Recreation Director, and Special Service Coordinator/Psychologist – For these employees the benefit is \$110 per day of unused sick leave up to a maximum of 120 days. Sick leave accrues at 12 days per year up to 1,000 hours. The benefit is payable in one lump sum.

All Others – For all other employees reaching 10 years of service, the multiplier for each hour of unused sick leave is based on years of service:

- 10 years of service \$2.00
- 15 years of service \$2.25
- 20 years of service \$2.50
- 20 years of service for the Finance Director, Equity/Outreach Specialist and Bookkeepers \$4.00 Sick leave accrues at 12 days per year up to 1,000 hours. The benefit is payable in one lump sum.

Funding Policy – Payments under the plan are made on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no invested plan assets accumulated for payment of future benefits. All benefits are paid out of the General Fund and the District makes all contributions.

6. Compensated Absences

The District will make payments out of the General Fund and amounts consist of benefits as discussed in Note 1.

7. Changes in Long-Term liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the government-wide financial statements:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 61,220,000	\$ -	\$ 1,710,000	\$ 59,510,000	\$ 29,720,000
Bond premium	2,847,453	-	211,612	2,635,841	211,612
Bond discount	(77,760)		(6,480)	(71,280)	(6,480)
Total bonds payable	63,989,693	-	1,915,132	62,074,561	29,925,132
Certificates of Participation Payable	965,000	-	45,000	920,000	45,000
Financed purchases payable	23,233	-	23,233	-	-
Leases payable	-	84,784	14,927	69,857	15,879
Severance Benefits Payable	258,349	81,636	48,878	291,107	9,573
Compensated Absences Payable	96,635	273,985	238,583	132,037	132,037
	\$ 65,332,910	\$ 440,405	\$ 2,285,753	\$ 63,487,562	\$ 30,127,621

8. Legal Debt Margin

Minnesota State Statutes do not allow net debt (as defined in Minn. Stat. Para. 475.51 subd. 4) to exceed 15 percent of the actual market value of all taxable property within the District. The District's market value per the School Tax Report 2021 Payable 2022 was \$1,245,975,270.

D. Fund Balances

Certain portions of fund balances are restricted based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities, or as required by other outside parties.

The following is a summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2022:

	General	Debt General Service		Totals	
Nonspendable					
Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,058	\$ 17,058	
Prepaid items	206,937		720	207,657	
Total nonspendable	206,937		17,778	224,715	
Restricted					
Student activities	71,401	-	-	71,401	
Scholarships	139,715	-	-	139,715	
Staff development	66,791	-	-	66,791	
Operating capital	36,269	-	-	36,269	
Area learning center	66,987	-	-	66,987	
Gifted and talented	52,646	-	=	52,646	
Basic skills extended time	22,663	-	-	22,663	
Safe schools	10,440	-	=	10,440	
Long-term facilities maintenance	587,972	-	-	587,972	
Medical assistance	106,660	-	-	106,660	
Food service	-	-	508,051	508,051	
Community education	-	-	17,430	17,430	
Early childhood family education	-	-	83,451	83,451	
School readiness	-	-	235,341	235,341	
Community service	-	-	47,865	47,865	
Capital projects	-	-	20,564	20,564	
Bond refunding	-	28,206,085	-	28,206,085	
Debt service		709,164		709,164	
Total restricted	1,161,544	28,915,249	912,702	30,989,495	
Unassigned	2,820,750			2,820,750	
Total fund balance	\$ 4,189,231	\$ 28,915,249	\$ 930,480	\$ 34,034,960	

Note 4 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan Description

All employees are allowed upon meeting the eligibility requirements under Minn. Stat. 471.61 subd, 2b, to participate in the District's health, dental, and life insurance plans after retirement. Eligible employees include principals, teaching and learning director, special services director, teachers, and superintendent who have reached age 55 with three years of service, and all other employees who have reached age 55 with five years of service. This plan covers active and retired employees. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and the union representing District employees and are renegotiated at the end of each contract period. The implicit rate subsidy is only until Medicare eligibility. Contract groups receive other post-retirement benefits as follows:

- Principals, Teaching and Learning Director, and Special Services Director These employees reaching age 55 with 10 years of service are allowed to access the subsidized medical insurance benefit. They receive one year of District paid single medical insurance for every 4 years of service up to a maximum of 6 years or Medicare eligibility, whichever is earlier.
- *Teachers* Teachers reaching age 55 with 25 years of service hired before March 12, 2012, are allowed access to subsidized benefits of the medical, dental and life insurance plans. See benefit details below:
- Medical –The benefit is the full single premium plus \$1,100 multiplied by 6 years or to Medicare eligibility, whichever is earlier. The benefit is payable in one lump sum at retirement to a VEBA account. Account credit can also be sued for spouse coverage.
- Dental –The benefit is the full premium for single dental for 6 years or Medicare eligibility, whichever is earlier.
- Life The benefit is the full premium for a \$100,000 policy for 6 years or Medicare eligibility, whichever is earlier.

The retiree health plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

The contract groups have access to other post-retirement benefits listed below:

- Medical The blended medical premiums are \$741 for single and \$1,900 for family coverage.
- Dental The dental premiums are \$36 for single and \$109 for family coverage.
- Life The life premiums are \$0.14 per \$1,000.

The subsidized benefits available to certain contract groups are discussed above.

C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the valuation date of July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments

Active employees

240

D. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$2,442,020 was measured as of July 1, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

Subsidy not available

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate 2.50 percent Salary increases Service graded table, based on years of service Discount rate 2.10 percent 6.25 percent at July 1, 2021, grading to 5.00 percent over the Health care cost trend rate next 5 years, then to 4.00 percent over the next 48 years Retiree plan participation Future retirees electing coverage: Pre-65 subsidy available 100% Pre-65 subsidy not available 50% Percent of married retirees electing spouse coverage Subsidy available 100%

Since the plan is not funded by an irrevocable trust, the discount rate is equal to the 20-Year Municipal Bond Yield.

25%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on inputs from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data.

The following change in plan provisions occurred for the year ending June 30, 2022:

• An Early Retirement Incentive OPEB under a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") was elected by one teacher. This teacher was eligible for Teachers' Retirement Association and had 15 years of service with the District. They are receiving a one-time \$7,500 contribution to the teacher's VEBA account along with single dental insurance coverage and \$100,000 in term life insurance for up to 6 years from the date of termination of employment or until they become eligible for other dental insurance benefits (including Medicare).

The following change in assumptions was made for the year ending June 30, 2022:

• The discount rate was changed from 2.40% to 2.10%.

F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at July 1, 2021	\$ 2,200,294
Changes from the Prior Year:	
Service Cost	184,017
Interest Cost	56,644
Assumption Changes	32,951
Plan Changes	16,727
Benefit Payments	(48,613)
Net Change	241,726
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,442,020

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate and the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease in Discount Rate		scount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate		
Discount rate		1.10% 2.1		2.10%		3.10%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,579,519	\$	2,442,020	\$	2,303,185	

The following represents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1	Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate	Selected Healthcare Trend Rate		1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate		
Medical Trend Rate	over 5 ye	grading to 4.00% ears, then to 3.00% ne next 48 years	over 5 ye	grading to 5.00% ears, then to 4.00% he next 48 years	over 5 ye	grading to 6.00% ars, then to 5.00% ne next 48 years	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,154,254	\$	2,442,020	\$	2,781,152	

H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$206,374. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual liability	\$	-	\$	290,494	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		67,482		23,848	
District's contributions subsequent to measurement date		126,055			
Total	\$	193,537	\$	314,342	

The \$126,055 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	OPEB Expense	!
2023	\$ (51	,014)
2024	(51	,014)
2025	(51	,015)
2026	(44)	,563)
2027	(53)	,957)
Thereafter	4	,703

Note 5 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans-Statewide

Substantially all employees of the District are required by state law to belong to defined benefit, multiemployer, cost-sharing pension plans administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA) or the Teachers' Retirement Association (TRA), both of which are administered on a state-wide basis.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources, net pension liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the plans as follows:

	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Net Pension Inflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources	sion Expense (Income)
PERA	\$	1,460,728	\$	1,849,104	\$	1,918,832	\$ 77,406
TRA		4,387,415		7,767,931		13,962,120	(128,112)
Total all plans	\$	5,848,143	\$	9,617,035	\$	15,880,952	\$ (50,706)

Disclosures relating to these plans are as follows:

1. Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA)

A. Plan Description

The District participates in the General Employees Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Retirement Plan covers certain full time and part-time employees of the District. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

C. Contribution Rate

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the District was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$242,310. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,849,104 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$56,566.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.0433 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0485 percent for the beginning of the period.

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	1,849,104
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		56,566
	<u> </u>	1,905,670

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$77,406 for its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized \$4,564 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	Deferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	11,990	\$	57,375
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,129,025		44,974
Net collective difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		1,581,273
Change in proportion		77,403		235,210
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date		242,310		
Total	\$	1,460,728	\$	1,918,832

The \$242,310 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Years Ended June 30,	 Amount
2023	\$ (117,486)
2024	(61,330)
2025	(84,812)
2026	(436,786)

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
	100.0%	

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 29 years of service and 6.0 percent per year thereafter.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2021:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2021 was 6.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the plan it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis Net Pension Liability (Asset) at Different Discount Rates

	General Er	General Employees Fund			
1% Lower	6.50%	\$	3,771,228		
Current Discount Rate	7.50%	\$	1,849,104		
1% Higher	8.50%	\$	271,884		

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

A. Plan Descriptions

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities). Educators first hired by Minnesota State may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan (DCR) administered by Minnesota State.

B. Benefits Provided

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits Tier 1	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	First ten years of service All years after	2.2% per year 2.7% per year
Coordinated	First ten years if service years are up to July 1, 2006 First ten years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006 All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.2% per year 1.4% per year 1.7% per year 1.9% per year

With these provisions:

- a.) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- b.) 3 percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- c.) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

or

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for basic members is applied. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statute. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree – no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contribution Rate

Per Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for employees and employers. Rates for each fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2022, were:

	June 30, 2020		June 30	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022	
	Employees	Employers	Employees	Employers	Employees	Employers	
Basic Coordinated	11.00% 7.50%	11.92% 7.92%	11.00% 7.50%	12.13% 8.13%	11.00% 7.50%	12.34% 8.34%	

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in TRA's fiscal year 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report "Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position" to the employer contributions used in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Pension Allocations.

Employer contributions reported in TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report		housands
Employer contributions reported in TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	448,829
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		379
Deduct TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(538)
Total employer contributions		448,670
Total non-employer contributions		37,840
Total contributions reported in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Allocations	\$	486,510

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Key Methods and Assumption	ons Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability
Actuarial Information	
Valuation Date	July 1, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Experience Study	June 5, 2019 (demographic assumptions) November 6, 2017 (economic assumptions)
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment rate of return	7.00%
Price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth rate	2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% after June 30, 2028
Projected salary increase	2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% after June 30, 2028
Cost of living adjustment	1.0% for January 2020 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.1% each year up to 1.5% annually
Mortality Assumptions	
Pre-retirement	RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
Post-retirement	RP-2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
Post-disability	RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	35.5%	5.10%
International Equity	17.5%	5.30%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
Fixed Income	20.0%	0.75%
Unallocated Cash	2.0%	0.00%
Total	100.0%	

The TRA actuary has determined the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members for fiscal year 2022 is six years. The *Difference between Expected and Actual Experience, Changes of Assumptions*, and *Changes in Proportion* use the amortization period of six years in the schedule presented. The amortization period for *Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments* is five years as required by GASB 68.

Changes in actuarial assumptions since the 2020 valuation

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The discount rate used to measure the TPL at the Prior Measurement Date was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2021 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

F. Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,767,931 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. District proportionate share was 0.1775 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.1798 percent for the beginning of the year.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the district as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the district were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 7,767,931
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the district	\$ 655,240

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension revenue of \$128,112. It also recognized \$7,337 as a decrease to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 213,116	\$ 218,525
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,846,757	6,884,553
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	6,499,638
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	425,392	359,404
District's contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date	 902,150	 -
Total	\$ 4,387,415	\$ 13,962,120

The \$902,150 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to TRA pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
		Expense
Years Ended June 30,		Amount
2023	\$	(5,113,356)
2024		(3,879,754)
2025		(873,191)
2026		(1,117,509)
2027		506,955

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent as well what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1% Decre Discoun		iscount Rate	Increase in scount Rate
TRA discount rate	6.50)%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$ 15,6	91,598 \$	7,767,931	\$ 1,269,892

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer contributions to TRA in relation to TRA's total employer contributions including direct aid contributions from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District.

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, and St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling (651)-296-2409 or (800)-657-3669.

Note 6 - Flexible Benefit Plan

The District has a flexible benefit plan which is classified as a "cafeteria plan" (the Plan) under section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pre-tax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for healthcare and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from September 1, thru August 31, each participant designates a total amount of pre-tax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the medical reimbursement portion of the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payment of insurance premiums (health, dental, life, and disability) are made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies. These payments are made monthly and are accounted for in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

Amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are paid by the District to an outside administrator upon an employee submitting a request for reimbursement. Payments are made by the outside administrator to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses actually incurred by the employee.

Note 7 - 403(b) Plan

The District provides eligible employees future retirement benefits through the District's 403(b) Plan (the "Plan"). Employees of the District are eligible to participate in the Plan commencing on the date of their employment. Some employees are eligible to receive a match of employee contributions up to the qualifying amounts set forth in their Wage and Benefit Guidelines. Contributions are invested in tax deferred annuities hosted by a vendor from whom the District has obtained. The District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$147,719, \$154,963, and \$155,949, respectively. The related employee contributions were \$355,254, \$342,398, and \$363,931, for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Note 8 - Other Information

A. Contingent Liabilities

The District participates in a number of federal and state programs that are either partially or fully funded by grants or aids received from these agencies or other governmental units. Such programs are subject to audit by the grantor agencies which could result in requests for reimbursement to the granting agency for expenditures that are disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on past experience, the District believes that any disallowed costs as a result of such audits will be immaterial.

B. Litigation and Potential Exposure

In the ordinary course of its operations, the District is party to legal proceedings as a plaintiff or defendant. The financial impact of remaining actions is not determinable at June 30, 2022, but, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of any or all of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the District's financial position.

Independent School District No. 717

Jordan, Minnesota

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

C. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to year end, the District issued General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2022A, in the amount of \$1,399,000. Bond proceeds will be used to finance certain parking lot improvements at District facilities. The bonds bear an interest rate of 2.85% and call for semiannual interest payments commencing August 1, 2023, and annual principal payments commencing February 1, 2024.



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Independent School District No. 717

Jordan, Minnesota

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Last 10 Fiscal years *

	2022		 2021		2020		2019		2018	
Service cost	\$	184,017	\$ 170,534	\$	161,405	\$	147,051	\$	143,627	
Interest		56,644	79,116		80,225		74,108		70,804	
Assumption changes		32,951	(33,388)		65,820		3,804		-	
Plan changes		16,727	-		-		-		-	
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		-	(377,315)		-		(48,969)		-	
Benefit payments		(48,613)	 (40,176)		(72,709)		(82,909)		(157,845)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		241,726	(201,229)		234,741		93,085		56,586	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,200,294	2,401,523		2,166,782	_	2,073,697		2,017,111	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,442,020	\$ 2,200,294	\$	2,401,523	\$	2,166,782	\$	2,073,697	
Covered payroll	\$	12,887,110	\$ 12,511,757	\$	12,696,494	\$	12,326,693	\$	10,480,104	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		18.95%	17.59%		18.91%		17.58%		19.79%	

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 require ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefit Changes:

- For the year ending June 30, 2019: None
- For the year ending June 30, 2020: None
- For the year ending June 30, 2021: None
- For the year ending June 30, 2022: An Early Retirement Incentive OPEB under a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") was elected by one teacher. This teacher was eligible for Teachers' Retirement Association and had 15 years of service with the District. They are receiving a one-time \$7,500 contribution to the teacher's VEBA account along with single dental insurance coverage and \$100,000 in term life insurance for up to 6 years from the date of termination of employment or until they become eligible for other dental insurance benefits (including Medicare).

Assumption Changes:

- For the year ending June 30, 2019: The health care trend rates and the mortality tables were updated along with the discount rate changing from 3.40% to 3.50%.
- For the year ending June 30, 2020: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.10%.
- For the year ending June 30, 2021: The discount rate was changed from 3.10% to 2.40%.
- For the year ending June 30, 2022: The discount rate was changed from 2.40% to 2.10%.

Schedule of Funding Progress - Severance Benefits

			P	Actuarial							
				Accrued							
				Liability						UAAL as a	
Actuarial	Actu	arial		(AAL)						Percentage of	
Valuation	Val	lue	Si	mplified	Unf	unded AAL			Covered	Covered Payroll	
Date	of As	ssets	E	ntry Age		(UAAL)	Funded Ratio		Payroll		
7/1/2020	\$	-	\$	258,349	\$	258,349	-	. \$	12,879,078	2.01%	
7/1/2018		-		219,755		219,755	-		12,085,133	1.82%	
7/1/2016		-		158,311		158,311	-	-	10,061,060	1.57%	

Note to the Schedule of Funding Progress

Since the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, the following actuarial assumptions have been changed:

- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and contract group.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 2.40%.

Since the last actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, the following plan provisions have changed:

- The Superintendent is no longer eligible for a severance benefit (GASB 16.)
- The severance benefit (GASB 16) for Custodians and Food Service employees was increased from \$1.75 to \$2.25 per unused sick leave hours.
- The Principals, severance benefit (GASB 16) was increased from \$125 to \$150 per unused day of sick leave.

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fmnlover's

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years *

Pension Plan	Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of Measurement the Net Pension Date Liability (Asset)		Pr Shai the	Employer's Proportionate Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) State's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability Associated with District (b)				Employe Total (d) Covere (a+b) Payroll (Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (d/e)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
PERA	6/30/21	0.0433%	\$	1,849,104	\$	56,566	\$	1,905,670	\$	3,131,693	59.0%	87.0%	
	6/30/20	0.0485%		2,907,797		89,674		2,997,471		3,398,760	85.6%	79.1%	
	6/30/19	0.0457%		2,526,651		78,497		2,605,148		3,256,291	77.6%	80.2%	
	6/30/18	0.0458%		2,540,796		83,339		2,624,135		3,087,592	82.3%	79.5%	
	6/30/17	0.0473%		3,019,601		37,971		3,057,572		3,057,585	98.8%	75.9%	
	6/30/16	0.0469%		3,808,047		49,721		3,857,768		2,933,615	129.8%	68.9%	
	6/30/15	0.0447%		2,316,586		N/A		2,316,586		2,472,253	93.7%	78.2%	
	6/30/14	0.0442%		2,076,295		N/A		2,076,295		2,319,607	89.5%	78.8%	
TRA	6/30/21	0.1775%	\$	7,767,931	\$	655,240	\$	8,423,171	\$	10,698,473	72.6%	86.6%	
	6/30/20	0.1798%		13,283,865		1,113,410		14,397,275		10,564,159	125.7%	75.5%	
	6/30/19	0.1738%		11,078,048		980,473		12,058,521		9,941,330	111.4%	78.1%	
	6/30/18	0.1738%		10,918,248		1,025,996		11,944,244		9,717,935	112.4%	78.1%	
	6/30/17	0.1776%		35,452,182		3,427,611		38,879,793		9,563,987	370.7%	51.6%	
	6/30/16	0.1763%		42,051,757		4,220,988		46,272,745		9,233,733	455.4%	44.9%	
	6/30/15	0.1760%		10,887,341		1,335,517		12,222,858		8,960,120	121.5%	76.8%	
	6/30/14	0.1856%		8,552,314		601,775		9,154,089		8,567,861	99.8%	81.5%	

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in these tables. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Independent School District No. 717

Jordan, Minnesota
Schedule of Employer's Contributions
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Employer's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years *

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Pension Plan Ending		Statutorily Required Contribution (a)		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		Covered Payroll (d)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/d)	
PERA	6/30/22	\$	242,310	\$	242,310	\$	-	\$	3,230,800	7.5%	
	6/30/21		234,877		234,877		-		3,131,693	7.5%	
	6/30/20		254,907		254,907		-		3,398,760	7.5%	
	6/30/19		243,010		243,010		-		3,256,291	7.5%	
	6/30/18		230,462		230,462		-		3,087,592	7.5%	
	6/30/17		228,238		228,238		-		3,057,585	7.5%	
	6/30/16		218,931		218,931		-		2,933,615	7.5%	
	6/30/15		185,419		185,419		-		2,472,253	7.5%	
TRA	6/30/22	\$	902,150	\$	902,150	\$	_	\$	10,817,146	8.3%	
	6/30/21		863,547		863,547		-		10,698,473	8.1%	
	6/30/20		836,615		836,615		-		10,564,159	7.9%	
	6/30/19		767,563		767,563		-		9,941,330	7.7%	
	6/30/18		725,242		725,242		-		9,717,935	7.5%	
	6/30/17		717,299		717,299		-		9,563,987	7.5%	
	6/30/16		692,530		692,530		-		9,233,733	7.5%	
	6/30/15		672,009		672,009		-		8,960,120	7.5%	

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in these tables. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Employ's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

PERA

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The
 new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly
 higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

June 30, 2022

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

June 30, 2022

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

 The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increase the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

TRA

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

June 30, 2022

- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest
 payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on
 payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 6 years, (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 6 years, (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was decreased to 4.66% from 8.0%.
- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

June 30, 2022

- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning
 July 1, 2019 and ending July 1, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are
 at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero% beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers was reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was decreased to 5.12% from 4.66%.
- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5% but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to
 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the non-vested inactive load increased
 from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 2.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for ten years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was decreased to 4.66% from 8.0%.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase for funding or the GASB calculation. It remained at 2% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes as some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back six years and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

June 30, 2022

- The post-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out o Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989, were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.
- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional form of annuity payment at retirement were made.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes of benefit terms

• The DTRFA was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015, valuation assumed 2%. The prior year valuation used 2% with an increase to 2.5% commencing in 2034. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25%. Details, if necessary, can be obtained from the TRA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

PERA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained on the PERA's website at www.mnpera.org for notes to the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions.

Additional financial and actuarial information can be found in TRA's GASB 67-68 report. Both reports can be obtained at https://minnesotatra.org.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Independent School District No. 717

Jordan, Minnesota

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

Schedule of Changes in UFARS Fund Balances: General Fund

June 30, 2022

	Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year		Change in nd Balance	Fund Balance End of Year	
Nonspendable	\$	93,796	\$ 113,141	\$	206,937
Restricted for student activities		91,335	(19,934)		71,401
Restricted for scholarships		140,654	(939)		139,715
Restricted for staff development		59,749	7,042		66,791
Restricted for operating capital		55,241	(18,972)		36,269
Restricted for area learning center		34,086	32,901		66,987
Restricted for gifted and talented		26,495	26,151		52,646
Restricted for achievement & integration		523	(523)		-
Restricted for safe schools		3,194	7,246		10,440
Restricted for basic skills extended time		22,663	-		22,663
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance		363,304	224,668		587,972
Restricted for medical assistance		75,879	30,781		106,660
Unassigned		2,719,616	 101,134		2,820,750
	\$	3,686,535	\$ 502,696	\$	4,189,231

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Food Service	Co	ommunity Service		Capital Projects	1	Total Nonmajor Funds
Assets Cash and investments	۲.	F16 006	<u> </u>	F69.079	ç	20 564	¢	1 105 540
Receivables	\$	516,906	\$	568,078	\$	20,564	\$	1,105,548
Current property taxes		_		62,266		_		62,266
Delinquent property taxes		-		806		-		806
Accounts		675		23,151		-		23,826
Due from other Minnesota school districts		1,267		-		-		1,267
Due from Minnesota Department of Education		-		15,208		-		15,208
Inventories		17,058		-		-		17,058
Prepaid items				720		-		720
Total assets	\$	535,906	\$	670,229	\$	20,564	\$	1,226,699
Liabilities								
Salaries payable	\$	2,077	\$	44,930	\$	-	\$	47,007
Accounts payable		3,462		37,742		-		41,204
Due to other governmental units		-		699		-		699
Unearned revenue		5,258		65,236				70,494
Total liabilities		10,797		148,607		<u> </u>		159,404
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - delinquent taxes		-		806		-		806
Property taxes levied for subsequent year				136,009				136,009
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		136,815		<u>-</u>		136,815
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		17,058		720		-		17,778
Restricted		508,051		384,087		20,564		912,702
Total fund balances		525,109		384,807		20,564		930,480
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	535,906	\$	670,229	\$	20,564	\$	1,226,699

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Food Service	Community Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds
Revenues				
Local property tax levies	\$ -	\$ 127,068	\$ -	\$ 127,068
Other local and county sources	196,173	1,374,298	-	1,570,471
State sources	41,844	118,786	-	160,630
Federal sources	1,403,727	22,496	=	1,426,223
Interest earnings	215	923		1,138
Total revenues	1,641,959	1,643,571		3,285,530
Expenditures				
Community education and services	-	1,554,833	=	1,554,833
Pupil support services	1,132,292	-	=	1,132,292
Debt service:				
Principal	-	2,518	-	2,518
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>	1,036		1,036
Total expenditures	1,132,292	1,558,387		2,690,679
Net Change in Fund Balances	509,667	85,184	-	594,851
Fund Balances - Beginning	15,442	299,623	20,564	335,629
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 525,109	\$ 384,807	\$ 20,564	\$ 930,480



Other Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Independent School District No. 717

Jordan, Minnesota

	Adit	LIEADO	Audit HEADS	,	Audit	LIEADS	Audit HEADS
01 GENERAL FUND	Audit	UFARS	Audit - UFARS	06 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	Audit	UFARS	Audit - UFARS
Total Revenue	\$22,975,551	\$22,975,551	<u>\$0</u>	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$22,590,190	\$22,590,190	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Non Spendable: 4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$206,937	\$206,937	<u>\$0</u>	Non Spendable: 4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Restricted / Reserved:	φ200,507	9200,501	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted / Reserved:	4 0	<u> </u>	<u>50</u>
4.01 Student Activities	\$71,401	<u>\$71,401</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.02 Scholarships	\$139,715 \$66,791	\$139,715 \$66,791	<u>\$0</u>	4.13 Project Funded by COP	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.03 Staff Development 4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$00,791	\$00,791 \$0	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>	4.67 LTFM Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.08 Cooperative Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$20,564	\$20,564	<u>\$0</u>
4.13 Project Funded by COP	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Unassigned: 4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.14 Operating Debt	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	40	<u>50</u>	30
4.16 Levy Reduction	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	07 DEBT SERVICE			
4.17 Taconite Building Maint 4.24 Operating Capital	\$0 \$36,269	<u>\$0</u> \$36,269	<u>\$0</u> \$0	Total Revenue	\$3,309,978	\$3,309,978	<u>\$0</u>
4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures Non Spendable:	\$4,046,842	<u>\$4,046,841</u>	<u>\$1</u>
4.27 Disabled Accessibility	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	<u>\$0</u>
4.28 Learning & Development	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted / Reserved:		_	_
4.34 Area Learning Center	\$66,987	\$66,987	<u>\$0</u>	4.25 Bond Refundings	\$28,206,085	\$28,206,085	
4.35 Contracted Alt. Programs	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u> \$0	4.33 Maximum Effort Loan Aid 4.51 QZAB Payments	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0
4.36 State Approved Alt. Program 4.38 Gifted & Talented	\$52,646	\$52,646	<u>\$0</u>	4.67 LTFM	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.40 Teacher Development and Evaluation		\$0	\$0	Restricted:		_	
4.41 Basic Skills Programs	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$709,164	<u>\$709,163</u>	<u>\$1</u>
4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.49 Safe School Crime - Crime Levy	\$10,440	<u>\$10,440</u>	<u>\$0</u>	noo onaoognoo rana balanco		_	_
4.51 QZAB Payments	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0	08 TRUST			
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust 4.53 Unfunded Sev & Retiremt Levy	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.59 Basic Skills Extended Time	\$22,663	\$22,663	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures Restricted / Reserved:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.67 LTFM	\$587,972	\$587,972	<u>\$0</u>	4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.72 Medical Assistance	\$106,660	\$106,660	<u>\$0</u>	4.02 Scholarships	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.73 PPP Loan	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.74 EIDL Loan Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	18 CUSTODIAL			
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Revenue	\$11,273	\$11,273	<u>\$0</u>
4.75 Title VII Impact Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures	\$13,561	\$13,561	\$0 \$0
4.76 Payments in Lieu of Taxes Committed:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Restricted / Reserved:			
4.18 Committed for Separation	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.61 Committed Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.02 Scholarships 4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>
Assigned:	**	•	••	4.46 Restricted Fund Balance	\$1,746	\$1,746	<u>\$0</u>
4.62 Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	1.54 Problems and Balance	* . ,		_
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$2,820,750	\$2,820,750	<u>\$0</u>	20 INTERNAL SERVICE			
00 FOOD OFFINIOEO				Total Revenue	\$134,045	\$134,045	<u>\$0</u>
02 FOOD SERVICES	\$1.641.050	\$1.641.050	\$0	Total Expenditures 4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets	\$137,244 \$52,643	\$137,244 \$52,643	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$0</u>
Total Revenue Total Expenditures	\$1,641,959 \$1,132,292	\$1,641,959 \$1,132,290	<u>\$0</u> <u>\$2</u>	4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets) \$ 52,043	932,043	30
Non Spendable:	4 1,102,202	<u> </u>		25 OPEB REVOCABLE TRUST			
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted / Reserved:	\$17,058	<u>\$17,058</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.74 EIDL Loan	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Restricted:	©EOD OE 4	\$ 500.050	64	45 OPEB IRREVOCABLE TRUS	т		
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$508,051	\$508,050	<u>\$1</u>	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balancee	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.4 0.0 MM INUTY 0.5 DV 4.0 5				4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE	£1 642 E71	©1 C42 E72	(61)	47 OPEB DEBT SERVICE			
Total Revenue Total Expenditures	\$1,643,571 \$1,558,387	\$1,643,572 \$1,558,387	(<u>\$1)</u> <u>\$0</u>	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Non Spendable:	ψ1,000,007	<u>\$1,000,007</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$720	<u>\$720</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Non Spendable:			
Restricted / Reserved: 4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance Restricted:	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.31 Community Education	\$17,430	\$17,430	<u>\$0</u>	4.25 Bond Refundings	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.32 E.C.F.E	\$83,451	\$83,451	<u>\$0</u>	4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.40 Teacher Development and Evaluation		<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	Unassigned:	\$0	© 0	\$0
4.44 School Readiness	\$235,341	<u>\$235,341</u>	<u>\$0</u>	4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.47 Adult Basic Education 4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0	<u>\$0</u> \$0				
4.73 PPP Loan	\$0 \$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>				
4.74 EIDL Loan	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>				
Restricted:	647.005	_					
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance Unassigned:	\$47,865	<u>\$47,864</u>	<u>\$1</u>				
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>				

Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-Through Number		Expenditures	
Department of Agriculture					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Noncash assistance:					
Commodities Received (non-cash)	10.555	01-717-000	\$ 87,881		
Cash assistance					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	01-717-000	199,190		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	01-717-000	1,071,194		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	01-717-000	45,462		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 1,403,727	
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants	10.579	01-717-000		21,763	
COVID-19 Pandemic Electronic Benefits Transfer	10.649C	01-717-000	-	1,876	
Total Department of Agriculture					\$ 1,427,366
Department of Treasury					
Passed through the Minnesota Department of Education					
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	01-717-000	26,618		
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	01-717-000	12,659		
Total 21.027	22.027	01717 000	12,000	39,277	
			=		
Total Department of Treasury					39,277
Federal Communications Commission					
Direct Funding	32.009	NI/A		260 700	
COVID-19 Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	N/A	-	260,700	
Total Federal Communications Commission					260,700
Department of Education					
Passed through the Minnesota Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	01-717-000		133,935	
Special Education Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	01-717-000		11,007	
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	01-717-000		15,271	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	01-717-000		33,148	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	01-717-000		10,000	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	01-717-000	258,836		
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	01-717-000	18,892		
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	01-717-000	58,225		
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	01-717-000	569,806		
Total 84.425				905,759	
Passed through cooperative					
Special Education Cluster					
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	01-717-000	250,165		
Special Education Grants to States	84.027XC	01-717-000	72,169		
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	01-717-000	6,867		
Total for Special Education Cluster				329,201	
Passed Through Southwest Metro Intermediate District					
Career and Technical Education	84.048	41-1295656	-	7,190	
Total Department of Education					1,445,511
Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through the Minnesota Department of Education					
COVID-19 Epidemiology and Lab Capacity for Infection Diseases	93.323	01-717-000			102,784
Total Federal Financial Assistance					\$ 3,275,638

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Note 4 - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule of the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. As of the year ended June 30, 2022, the organization had received food commodities totaling \$17,058 of inventory.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The School Board of Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 717 ("the District'), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2022-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform procedures on the District's responses to findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mankato, Minnesota December 5, 2022

East Sailly LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The School Board of Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mankato, Minnesota December 5, 2022

Esde Sailly LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Minnesota Legal Compliance

The School Board of Independent School District No. 717 Jordan, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 717 ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2022.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mankato, Minnesota December 5, 2022

Esde Sailly LLP

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified Yes

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516: No

Identification of major programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Name of Federal Program	CFDA N	<u>umber</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster	•	10.555, 10.559,
COVID-19 Education Stablization Fund	84.425	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A band type B programs:	\$	750,000

No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2022-001 Preparation of Financial Statements, including Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Material Weakness

Criteria: A good system of internal control contemplates an adequate system for drafting of the financial statements including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA).

Condition: The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements and SEFA being audited. As auditors, we are requested to draft the financial statements including the SEFA, accompanying notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary budgetary comparison information.

Cause: The District does not have the economic resources to hire additional qualified accounting staff or hire professional accounting services in order to draft financial statements and SEFA.

Effect: This control deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements and SEFA that would not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation: It is the responsibility of the management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

View of Responsible Officials: There are no disagreements with this finding.

	Section III –Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
None reported		
	Section IV – Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings	

None reported